

Package ‘ClimInd’

October 12, 2022

Type Package

Version 0.1-3

Date 2021-04-09

Title Climate Indices

Author Fergus Reig-Gracia [aut, cre], Sergio M. Vicente-Serrano [aut], Fernando Dominguez-Castro [aut], Joaquin Bedia-Jiménez [ctb]

Maintainer Fergus Reig-Gracia <fergusrg@gmail.com>

Depends R (>= 2.10), SPEI, chron, weathermetrics

Description Computes 138 standard climate indices at monthly, seasonal and annual resolution. These indices were selected, based on their direct and significant impacts on target sectors, after a thorough review of the literature in the field of extreme weather events and natural hazards. Overall, the selected indices characterize different aspects of the frequency, intensity and duration of extreme events, and are derived from a broad set of climatic variables, including surface air temperature, precipitation, relative humidity, wind speed, cloudiness, solar radiation, and snow cover. The 138 indices have been classified as follow: Temperature based indices (42), Precipitation based indices (22), Bioclimatic indices (21), Wind-based indices (5), Aridity/ continentality indices (10), Snow-based indices (13), Cloud/radiation based indices (6), Drought indices (8), Fire indices (5), Tourism indices (5).

License GPL (>= 3)

URL <https://gitlab.com/indecis-eu/indecis>

LazyLoad yes

Encoding UTF-8

Suggests MASS, rmarkdown, testthat

NeedsCompilation no

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

ByteCompile true

Collate 'ClimInd.R' 'ClimIndNews.R' 'custom_functions.R' 'data.R' 'ffdi.R' 'fwi1D.R' 'penman_fao_dia.R' 'nesterovIndex.R' 'macArthurFFDI.R' 'kbdindex.R' 'indecis_indices_functions.R' 'indecis_indices.R' 'indecis.R'

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-04-10 00:00:03 UTC

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Description

Computes 138 standard climate indices at monthly, seasonal and annual resolution. These indices were selected, based on their direct and significant impacts on target sectors, after a thorough review of the literature in the field of extreme weather events and natural hazards. Overall, the selected indices characterize different aspects of the frequency, intensity and duration of extreme events, and are derived from a broad set of climatic variables, including surface air temperature, precipitation, relative humidity, wind speed, cloudiness, solar radiation, and snow cover. The 138 indices have been classified as follow: Temperature based indices (42), Precipitation based indices (22), Bioclimatic indices (21), Wind-based indices (5), Aridity/ continentality indices (10), Snow-based indices (13), Cloud/radiation based indices (6), Drought indices (8), Fire indices (5), Tourism indices (5).

Details

Info

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://gitlab.com/indecis-eu/indecis>

aci

Atmospheric Clarity Index

Description

Ratio between solar radiation at surface and solar radiation at TOA (alt top of the atmosphere)

Usage

```
aci(data, toa, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	net radiation, J/m2
toa	solar radiation at TOA, W/m2
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

Examples

```
data(data_all)
aci(data = data_all$radiation, toa = data_all$radiationtoa)
```

asd *Average snow depth*

Description

Average snow depth

Usage

```
asd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

snow depth, m

Examples

```
data(data_all)
asd(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

at *Apparent temperature*

Description

Index of the perceived temperature.

Usage

```
at(taverage, w, vapor, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
w	average wind, m/s
vapor	water vapour pressure, hPa
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

Formula

$$AT = TG + 0.33e - 0.70v - 4.00$$

TG = air temperature in Celsius ; v = wind speed in m/s; e= water vapour pressure in hPa

Examples

```
data(data_all)
at(taverage = data_all$tg, w = data_all$wind, vapor = data_all$VAPOUR)
```

bi	<i>Budyko Index</i>
----	---------------------

Description

Budyko Index is based on characteristics of the surface heat and water balance.

Usage

```
bi(data, pr, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	net radiation, J/m2
pr	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$BI = 100 \frac{Rn}{L * P}$$

Rn= annual net radiation, P = annual precipitation, L = latent heat of vaporization for water

References

Budyko M.I. The Heat Balance of the Earth's Surface U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington D.C (1958) 259 pp., translated by N.A. Stepanova

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bi(data = data_all$radiation, pr = data_all$rr)
```

bio10	<i>TG of warmest quarter</i>
-------	------------------------------

Description

TG of the warmest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio10(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio10(data = data_all$tg)
```

bio11 *TG of coldest quarter*

Description

TG of coldest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio11(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio11(data = data_all$tg)
```

bio13 *Precipitation of wettest month*

Description

Total precipitation of the wettest month of the year

Usage

```
bio13(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio13(data = data_all$rr)
```

bio14

Precipitation of driest month

Description

Total precipitation of the driest month of the year

Usage

```
bio14(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio14(data = data_all$rr)
```

bio15	<i>Precipitation coefficient of variation</i>
-------	---

Description

The coefficient of variation is a measure of the variation in monthly precipitation totals over the course of the year. This index is the ratio of the standard deviation of the monthly total precipitation to the mean monthly total precipitation and is expressed as a percentage.

Usage

```
bio15(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio15(data = data_all$rr)
```

bio16

Precipitation wettest quarter

Description

Precipitation of the wettest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio16(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio16(data = data_all$rr, na.rm = TRUE)
```

bio17

Precipitation of Driest Quarter

Description

Precipitation of the driest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio17(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio17(data = data_all$rr)
```

bio18	<i>Precipitation warmest quarter</i>
-------	--------------------------------------

Description

Precipitation of the warmest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio18(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio18(pr=data_all$rr, taverage=data_all$tg)
```

bio19

Precipitation coldest quarter

Description

Precipitation of the coldest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio19(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio19(pr=data_all$rr, taverage=data_all$tg)
```

bio20	<i>Mean radiation</i>
-------	-----------------------

Description

Mean radiation (W m-2)

Usage

```
bio20(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	radiation, W m-2
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

radiation, W m-2

References

Kriticos, D.J., Webber, B.L., Leriche, A., Ota, N., Macadam, I., Bathols, J. and Scott, J.K. (2012) CliMond: global high-resolution historical and future scenario climate surfaces for bioclimatic modelling. *Methods in Ecology and Evolution*, 3, 53-64. doi: [10.1111/j.2041210X.2011.00134.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.2041210X.2011.00134.x)

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio20(data = data_all$radiation_w)
```

bio4	<i>Temperature seasonality</i>
------	--------------------------------

Description

TG standard deviation * 100

Usage

```
bio4(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio4(data = data_all$tg)
```

bio5	<i>TX warmest month</i>
------	-------------------------

Description

TX of the warmest month of the year

Usage

```
bio5(data, tmax, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>tmax</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio5(data = data_all$tg, tmax = data_all$tx)
```

bio6	<i>TN of coldest month</i>
------	----------------------------

Description

TN of the coldest month of the year

Usage

```
bio6(data, tmin, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio6(data = data_all$tg, tmin = data_all$tn)
```

bio7 *Temperature Annual Range*

Description

TX of the warmest month minus TN of coldest month

Usage

```
bio7(data, tmin, tmax, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
tmax	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio7(data = data_all$tg, tmin = data_all$tn, tmax = data_all$tx)
```

bio8	<i>TG of wettest quarter</i>
------	------------------------------

Description

TG of the wettest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio8(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio8(pr = data_all$rr, taverage = data_all$tg)
```

bio9	<i>TG of driest quarter</i>
------	-----------------------------

Description

TG of the driest quarter of the year

Usage

```
bio9(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Hijmans RJ, Cameron SE, Parra JL, Jones PG, Jarvis A (2005) Very high resolution interpolated climate surfaces for global land areas. *Int J Climatol* 25:1965–1978. doi: [10.1002/joc.1276](https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.1276). <https://web.archive.org/web/20190714191708/https://www.worldclim.org/bioclim>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
bio9(pr = data_all$rr, taverage = data_all$tg)
```

calculate_all	<i>Calculate all indexes</i>
---------------	------------------------------

Description

Calculate all indexes for a point

Usage

```
calculate_all(  
  data,  
  lat = NULL,  
  time.scale = YEAR,  
  data_names = NULL,  
  index_result = c(1:138),  
  na.rm = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

data	data list
lat	latitude, degree
time.scale	month, season or year
data_names	names of each period of time
index_result	indexes to calculate
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed? (value or array by index)

Value

all indexes

calculate_all_scales *Calculate all indexes for all time scales*

Description

Calculate all indexes for a point and all time scales

Usage

```
calculate_all_scales(data, lat = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	data list
lat	latitude, degree

Value

all indexes

cc	<i>Mean daily cloud cover</i>
----	-------------------------------

Description

Mean daily cloud cover (

Usage

```
cc(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	cloud cover, percentage
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

percentage

Examples

```
data(data_all)
cc(data = data_all$cloud)
```

cdd	<i>Longest dry period</i>
-----	---------------------------

Description

Maximum length of consecutive dry days ($RR < 1$)

Usage

```
cdd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
cdd(data = data_all$rr)
```

cfd	<i>Maximum consecutive frost days</i>
-----	---------------------------------------

Description

Maximum number of consecutive days with TN < 0 Celsius

Usage

```
cfd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
cfd(data=data_all$tn)
```

 ClimIndNews

ClimIndNews

Description

Show the NEWS file of the **ClimInd** package.

Usage

```
ClimIndNews()
```

Details

(See description)

cmd

Climatic moisture deficit

Description

ETo - evapotranspiration

Usage

```
cmd(
  eto,
  evapotranspiration,
  data_names = NULL,
  time.scale = YEAR,
  na.rm = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

eto	eto, mm
evapotranspiration	evapotranspiration, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

References

Parks, S. A., Parisien, M. , Miller, C. , Holsinger, L. M. and Baggett, L. S. (2018), Fine-scale spatial climate variation and drought mediate the likelihood of reburning. *Ecol Appl*, 28: 573-586. doi: [10.1002/eap.1671](https://doi.org/10.1002/eap.1671)

Examples

```
data(data_all)
cmd(eto = data_all$eto, evapotranspiration = data_all$evaporation)
```

csd

Maximum consecutive summer days

Description

Maximum number of consecutive summer days (TX > 25 Celsius)

Usage

```
csd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
csd(data=data_all$tx)
```

csdi *Cold spell duration*

Description

Count of days with at least 6 consecutive days when TN < 10th percentile. The 10th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily as ETCCDI does. If you want to compute daily you can use RClimDex package.

Usage

```
csdi(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
csdi(data=data_all$tn)
```

cwg *Longest wet period*

Description

Maximum length of consecutive wet days (RR>=1)

Usage

```
cwg(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
cwd(data = data_all$rr)
```

d32

Days TX32

Description

Number of days whith TX \geq 32 Celsius on the interval June-August.

Usage

```
d32(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
d32(data = data_all$tx)
```

d50mm *Heavy precipitation days*

Description

Number of days with precipitation above 50mm

Usage

```
d50mm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
d50mm(data = data_all$rr)
```

d95p *Very wet days*

Description

Days with precipitation > 95th percentile. The 95th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily

Usage

```
d95p(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
d95p(data = data_all$rr)
```

Datasets

data_all

Description

See wichita

Usage

```
data(data_all)
```

Format

An object of class list of length 22.

Details

See description.

dd

Dry days

Description

Number of days with less than 1 mm

Usage

```
dd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dd(data = data_all$rr)
```

dd17

Difference days above/below Tx17

Description

(days tx > 17 Celsius)-(days TX < 17 Celsius)

Usage

```
dd17(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dd17(data=data_all$tx)
```

dfx21	<i>Days wind gusts above 21 m/s</i>
-------	-------------------------------------

Description

Number of days with wind gusts above 21 m/s

Usage

```
dfx21(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	maximum wind gust, m/s
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dfx21(data = data_all$windgust)
```

dr1mm	<i>Wet days 1mm</i>
-------	---------------------

Description

Total number of wet days ≥ 1 mm

Usage

```
dr1mm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dr1mm(data = data_all$rr)
```

dr3mm

Wet days 3mm

Description

Total number of Wet days \geq 3mm

Usage

```
dr3mm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dr3mm(data = data_all$rr)
```

dtr	<i>Diurnal temperature range</i>
-----	----------------------------------

Description

Mean difference between TX and TN.

Usage

```
dtr(tmax, tmin, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tmax	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

Formula

$$DTR_j = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^I (TX_{ij} - TN_{ij})}{I}$$

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5. https://www.ecad.eu/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_1500_en_1.pdf

Examples

```
data(data_all)
dtr(tmax=data_all$tx, tmin=data_all$tn)
```

eai *Emberger aridity index*

Description

Aridity index based on annual precipitation and temperature range

Usage

```
eai(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$EAI = \frac{100 * P}{Thm^2 - Tcm^2}$$

P = annual precipitation; Thm = Average temperature of the hottest month in Kelvin; Tcm= Average temperature of the coldest month in Kelvin

References

Emberger L. 1930. La végétation de la région méditerranéenne: essai d'une classification des groupements végétaux *Revue Générale de Botanique*, 42 (641–662), pp. 705-721

Examples

```
data(data_all)
eai(pr = data_all$rr, taverage = data_all$tg)
```

ep *Effective precipitation*

Description

Precipitation minus evapotranspiration

Usage

```
ep(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

eto	et0, mm
pr	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ep(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr)
```

eto *Reference evapotranspiration*

Description

If data available using Fao-56 Penman-Monteith

Usage

```
eto(
  tmin,
  tmax,
  toa,
  w,
  lat,
  tdew,
  mde,
```

```

radiation = NA,
insolation = NA,
rh = NA,
data_names = NULL,
time.scale = YEAR,
na.rm = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
tmax	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
toa	solar radiation at TOA, W/m ²
w	average wind, m/s
lat	latitude, degree
tdew	dew point, Celsius
mde	digital elevation model, m
radiation	net radiation, J/m ²
insolation	insolation, hours of sun
rh	relative humidity, percentage
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

mm

References

Chiew, F.H.S., Kamaladasa, N.N., Malano, H.M., McMahon, T.A., 1995. Penman–Monteith FAO-24 reference crop evapotranspiration and class-A pan data in Australia. *Agric. Water Manage.* 28, 9–21

Examples

```

data(data_all)
eto(tmin = data_all$tn, tmax = data_all$tx,
    toa = data_all$radiationtoa, w = data_all$wind,
    lat=data_all$lat, tdew = data_all$dewpoint,
    mde=data_all$mde, radiation = data_all$radiation,
    insolation=data_all$insolation, rh = data_all$humidity)

```

etr *Extreme temperature range*

Description

Difference between the maximum TX and the minimum TN.

Usage

```
etr(tmax, tmin, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tmax	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
etr(tmax=data_all$tx, tmin=data_all$tn)
```

fd *Frost days*

Description

Number of days with TN < 0 Celsius.

Usage

```
fd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fd(data=data_all$tn)
```

<i>fg</i>	<i>Mean of daily mean wind strength</i>
-----------	---

Description

Mean of daily FG

Usage

```
fg(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	average wind, m/s
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

wind, m/s

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fg(data = data_all$wind)
```

fg6bft	<i>Number of days with averaged wind above 10.8m/s</i>
--------	--

Description

Number of days with FG ≥ 6 Bft (10.8 m/s)

Usage

```
fg6bft(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	average wind, m/s
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

ECA&D website: European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fg6bft(data = data_all$wind)
```

fgcalm	<i>Calm days</i>
--------	------------------

Description

Number of calm days (FG ≤ 2 m/s)

Usage

```
fgcalm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	average wind, m/s
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

ECA&D website: European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fgcalm(data = data_all$wind)
```

fod	<i>Foggy days</i>
-----	-------------------

Description

Number of days with fog.

Usage

```
fod(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	cloud base below 100 meter, percentage
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Rastogi, B., A.P. Williams, D.T. Fischer, S.F. Iacobellis, K. McEachern, L. Carvalho, C. Jones, S.A. Baguskas, and C.J. Still, 2016: Spatial and Temporal Patterns of Cloud Cover and Fog Inundation in Coastal California: Ecological Implications. *Earth Interact.*, 20, 1–19, doi: [10.1175/EID150033.1](https://doi.org/10.1175/EID150033.1)

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fod(data = data_all$cloud100)
```

fpsc	<i>Date of first permanent snow cover</i>
------	---

Description

First day of the longest period with consecutive snow cover day (day of the hydrological year).

Usage

```
fpsc(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

date

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fpsc(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

fsc	<i>Date of first snow cover</i>
-----	---------------------------------

Description

First day when there is measurable snow cover (day of the hydrological year)

Usage

```
fsc(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	snow depth, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

date

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fsd(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

<code>fsd</code>	<i>Number of snow days</i>
------------------	----------------------------

Description

Number of snow days

Usage

```
fsd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	snowfall, m of water equivalent
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fsd(data = data_all$snowfall)
```

fxx *Daily maximum wind gust*

Description

Maximum value of daily maximum wind gust (m/s)

Usage

```
fxx(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	maximum wind gust, m/s
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

wind, m/s

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
fxx(data = data_all$windgust)
```

gd4 *Growing degree days*

Description

Sum of degree days of TG over 4 Celsius (the daily mean temperature is less than 4 celsius, it is set equal to 4 celsius)

Usage

```
gd4(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

McMaster, G. S., & Wilhelm, W. W. (1997). Growing degree-days: One equation, two interpretations. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, 87(4), 291-300

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gd4(data=data_all$tg)
```

<code>gsl</code>	<i>Growing season length</i>
------------------	------------------------------

Description

Annual count of days between the first span of at least 6 days with TG > 5 Celsius and first span after 1 July of 6 days with TG < 5 Celsius.

Usage

```
gsl(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gsr(data=data_all$tg)
```

gsr	<i>Growing season precipitation</i>
-----	-------------------------------------

Description

Growing season (april to october) total precipitation

Usage

```
gsr(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gsr(data = data_all$rr)
```

gtg	<i>Mean TG</i>
-----	----------------

Description

Mean of daily mean air temperature

Usage

```
gtg(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gtg(data=data_all$tg)
```

gtn

Mean TN

Description

Mean of daily minimum air temperature

Usage

```
gtn(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gtn(data=data_all$tn)
```

gtx

Mean TX

Description

Mean of daily maximum air temperature

Usage

```
gtx(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
gtx(data=data_all$tg)
```

`hd17`*Heating degree days*

Description

accumulated degree when TG is below 17 Celsius

Usage

```
hd17(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

Formula

$$HD17_j = \sum_{j=1}^I (17^{\circ}C - TG_{i,j})$$

References

Quayle, R. G., & Diaz, H. F. (1980). Heating degree day data applied to residential heating energy consumption. *Journal of Applied Meteorology*, 19(3), 241-246. doi: [10.1175/15200450\(1980\)019<0241:HDDDAT>2.0.CO;2](https://doi.org/10.1175/15200450(1980)019<0241:HDDDAT>2.0.CO;2)

Examples

```
data(data_all)
hd17(data=data_all$tg)
```

hi	<i>Heat Index</i>
----	-------------------

Description

Combines air temperature and relative humidity to determine the human-perceived equivalent temperature

Usage

```
hi(taverage, rh, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
rh	relative humidity, percentage
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

Formula

$$HI = -42,379 + 2,04901523 * TG + 10,14333127 * rh - 0,22475541 * TG * rh - 0.00683783 * TG^2 - 0.05481717 * rh^2 + 0.01$$

. Where TG is air temperature in °F and rh is relative humidity in

References

The Heat Index Equation https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/html/heatindex_equation.shtml

Examples

```
data(data_all)
hi(taverage = data_all$tg, rh = data_all$humidity)
```

hsd	<i>Heavy snowy days</i>
-----	-------------------------

Description

Number of days with snow depth more than 50 cm.

Usage

```
hsd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
hsd(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

id	<i>Ice days</i>
----	-----------------

Description

Number of days with TX < 0 Celsius.

Usage

```
id(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
id(data=data_all$tx)
```

jci

Johansson Continentiality Index

Description

The Johansson Continentiality Index is usually used for the climatic differentiation between continental and oceanic climates.

Usage

```
jci(data, data_names = NULL, value, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>value</code>	lat
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$JCI = \frac{1.7(Thm - Tcm)}{\sin f} - 20.4$$

Thm = Average temperature of the hottest month (Celsius); Tcm = Average temperature of the coldest month (Celsius); f = geographical latitude

References

Chronopoulou-Sereli A. 1996. Courses of Agricultural Meteorology. Publications Agricultural University of Athens: Athens, OH

Examples

```
data(data_all)
jci(data = data_all$tg, value = data_all$lat)
```

koi *Kerner Oceanity Index*

Description

KOI analysed the oceanity assuming that marine climates have colder spring months in comparison with the autumn months.

Usage

```
koi(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$KOI = \frac{100(TGo - TGa)}{Thm - Tcm}$$

TGo = Average temperature of October TGa = Average temperature of April Thm = Average temperature of the hottest month (Celsius); Tcm = Average temperature of the coldest month (Celsius)

References

Zambakas J. 1992. General Climatology. Department of Geology, National & Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens. Gavilan RG. 2005. The use of climatic parameters and indices in vegetation distribution. A case study in the Spanish System Central. *Int. J. Biometeorol.* 50: 111–120.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
koi(data = data_all$tg)
```

lpsc	<i>Date of last permanent snow cover</i>
------	--

Description

Last day of the longest period with consecutive snow cover day (day of the hydrological year).

Usage

```
lpsc(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

date

Examples

```
data(data_all)
lpsc(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

`mai`*De Martonne aridity index*

Description

De Martonne aridity index is the ratio between the annual amount of precipitation and annual mean of temperature plus 10 Celsius.

Usage

```
mai(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>pr</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>taverage</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$MAI = \frac{P}{TG + 10}$$

P = annual precipitation (mm); TG = mean annual air temperature (Celsius)

References

De Martonne E., 1926. Une nouvelle fonction climatologique: L'indice d'aridité. La Meteorologie, 449-458.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
mai(pr = data_all$rr, taverage = data_all$tg)
```

mfi	<i>Modified Fournier Index</i>
-----	--------------------------------

Description

The precipitation concentration index is frequently associated to erosion risk. Values: 0-60 very low; 60-90 Low; 90-120 moderate; 120-160 high; > 160 very high.

Usage

```
mfi(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$MFI = \sum_{i=1}^{12} \frac{P_i^2}{P_t}$$

References

Fournier F. 1960. Climat et Erosion. PUF: Paris. Arnoldus HM. 1980. An approximation of the rainfall factor in the Uni-versal Soil Loss Equation. In Assessments of Erosion, de Boodts M, Gabriels D (eds). John Wiley and Sons Ltd, Chichester 127–132. De Luis M., González-Hidalgo J.C., Longares L.A. Is rainfall erosivity increasing in the Mediterranean Iberian Peninsula?. Land Degradation & Development, 21: 139-144.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
mfi(data = data_all$rr)
```

mi	<i>Mould index</i>
----	--------------------

Description

Number of days with a relative humidity over 90

Usage

```
mi(taverage, rh, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
rh	relative humidity, percentage
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
mi(taverage = data_all$tg, rh = data_all$humidity)
```

moi	<i>Marsz Oceanity Index</i>
-----	-----------------------------

Description

The annual range of monthly mean air temperatures grados

Usage

```
moi(data, lat, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
lat	latitude, degree
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$MOI = \frac{0.731\phi + 1.767}{Thm - Tcm}$$

Phi = geographical latitude; Thm = Average temperature of the hottest month (Celsius); Tcm = Average temperature of the coldest month (Celsius)

References

Marsz A, Rakusa-Suszczewskis S. 1987. Charakterystyka ekologiczna rejonu Zatoki Admiralicji (King George Island, SouthShetland Islands). 1. Klimat i obszary wolne od lodu. Kosmos36:103–127.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
moi(data = data_all$tg, lat = data_all$lat)
```

ms	<i>Maximum snow depth</i>
----	---------------------------

Description

Maximum snow depth (m)

Usage

```
ms(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

snow depth, m

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ms(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

msd	<i>Mild snowy days</i>
-----	------------------------

Description

Number of days with snow depth > 5 cm.

Usage

```
msd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
msd(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

ngsr	<i>Non-growing season precipitation</i>
------	---

Description

Total precipitation from October to April

Usage

```
ngsr(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

precipitation, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ngsr(data = data_all$rr)
```

ntg

Minimum TG

Description

Minimum value of daily mean air temperature

Usage

```
ntg(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

Average temperature

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ntg(data=data_all$tg)
```

ogs10 *Onset of growing season 10 days*

Description

Date of the start of the first span with at least 10 days with TG > 5 Celsius

Usage

```
ogs10(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

date

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ogs10(data=data_all$tg)
```

ogs6 *Onset of growing season 6 days*

Description

Date of the start of the first span with at least 6 days with TG >5 Celsius

Usage

```
ogs6(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

date

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ogs6(data=data_all$tg)
```

 pci

Precipitation Concentration Index

Description

Index to evaluate precipitation heterogeneity at a monthly scale. Values <10 (uniform monthly rainfall distribution); values 11-15 (moderate concentration of precipitation); values 16-20 (irregular distribution); and >20 ((high precipitation concentration)

Usage

```
pci(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$PCI = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{12} P_i^2}{(P_t)^2} * 100$$

References

Oliver, J.E. (1980) Monthly precipitation distribution: a comparative index. *Professional Geographer*, 32, 300–309

Examples

```
data(data_all)
pci(data = data_all$rr)
```

pici

Pinna Combinative Index

Description

Pinna combinative index is an aridity–humidity index

Usage

```
pici(pr, taverage, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

pr	daily precipitation, mm
taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

Formula

$$PICI = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{P}{TG + 10} + \frac{12Pdm}{TGdm + 10} \right)$$

P = annual precipitation (mm); TG = annual mean temperature (Celsius); Pdm= precipitation of the driest month; TGdm= temperature of the driest month

References

Zambakas J. 1992. General Climatology. Department of Geology, National & Kapodistrian University of Athens: Athens, Greece.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
pici(pr = data_all$rr, taverage = data_all$tg)
```

prcptot	<i>Total precipitation wet days</i>
---------	-------------------------------------

Description

Precipitation amount on days with RR \geq 1 mm

Usage

```
prcptot(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
prcptot(data = data_all$rr)
```

ptg	<i>Sums positive</i>
-----	----------------------

Description

Sums of positive TG calculated for the 1st of February to the 10th April interval

Usage

```
ptg(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ptg(data = data_all$tg)
```

r10mm	<i>Days precipitation >= R10mm</i>
-------	---------------------------------------

Description

Days with daily precipitation amount >= 10mm

Usage

```
r10mm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
r10mm(data = data_all$rr)
```

r20mm *Days precipitation >= R20mm*

Description

Days with daily precipitation amount >= 20mm

Usage

```
r20mm(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
r20mm(data = data_all$rr)
```

r95tot *Percentage precipitation of very wet days*

Description

Precipitation at days exceeding the 95th percentile divided by total precipitation expressed in percentage. The 95th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily.

Usage

```
r95tot(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
r95tot(data = data_all$rr, time.scale="month")
```

r99tot	<i>Precipitation fraction extremely wet days</i>
--------	--

Description

Precipitation at days exceeding the 99th percentile divided by total precipitation expressed in percentage. The 99th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily

Usage

```
r99tot(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
r99tot(data = data_all$rr)
```

rti	<i>Total precipitation</i>
-----	----------------------------

Description

Total amounts of precipitation

Usage

```
rti(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
rti(data = data_all$rr)
```

rx1day	<i>Maximum precipitation</i>
--------	------------------------------

Description

The highest amount of daily precipitation

Usage

```
rx1day(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
rx1day(data = data_all$rr)
```

rx5d	<i>Maximum 5 days R</i>
------	-------------------------

Description

Maximum consecutive 5-day precipitation

Usage

```
rx5d(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
rx5d(data = data_all$rr)
```

scd	<i>Number of snow covered days</i>
-----	------------------------------------

Description

Number of snow covered days (snow depth > 0)

Usage

```
scd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
scd(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

sd0_10	<i>Snow depth 1-10</i>
--------	------------------------

Description

Number of days with snow depth in the range 1-10 cm

Usage

```
sd0_10(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
sd0_10(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

sd10_20

Snow depth 10-20

Description

The number of days with snow depth of 10-20 cm

Usage

```
sd10_20(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snow depth, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
sd10_20(data = data_all$snowdepth)
```

sdi	<i>Simple precipitation intensity index</i>
-----	---

Description

Sum of precipitation in wet days (days with >1mm of precipitation), and dividing that by the number of wet days in the period.

Usage

```
sdi(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

precipitation, mm

References

Michele Brunetti, Maurizio Maugerib, Teresa Nanni, (2001) Changes in total precipitation, rainy days and extreme events in northeastern Italy, International Journal of Climatology

Examples

```
data(data_all)
sdi(data = data_all$rr)
```

snd	<i>Sunny days</i>
-----	-------------------

Description

Days with mean cloud cover less than 10

Usage

```
snd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	cloud cover, percentage
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
snd(data = data_all$cloud)
```

spei1

Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index 1

Description

Standardized precipitation-evapotranspiration index calculated at 1-month time scale

Usage

```
spei1(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>eto</code>	evapotranspiration, mm
<code>pr</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

Vicente-Serrano, S. M., Beguería, S. and López-Moreno, J. I.: A multiscalar drought index sensitive to global warming: The standardized precipitation evapotranspiration index, *J. Clim.*, 23(7), doi: [10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1](https://doi.org/10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1), 2010.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spei1(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr, na.rm = TRUE)
```

`spei12`*Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index 12*

Description

Standardized precipitation-evapotranspiration index calculated at 12-month time scale

Usage

```
spei12(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>eto</code>	evapotranspiration, mm
<code>pr</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

Vicente-Serrano, S. M., Beguería, S. and López-Moreno, J. I.: A multiscalar drought index sensitive to global warming: The standardized precipitation evapotranspiration index, *J. Clim.*, 23(7), doi: [10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1](https://doi.org/10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1), 2010.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spei12(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr)
```

`spei3`*Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index 3*

Description

Standardized precipitation-evapotranspiration index calculated at 3-month time scale

Usage

```
spei3(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

eto	evapotranspiration, mm
pr	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

Vicente-Serrano, S. M., Beguería, S. and López-Moreno, J. I.: A multiscalar drought index sensitive to global warming: The standardized precipitation evapotranspiration index, *J. Clim.*, 23(7), doi: [10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1](https://doi.org/10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1), 2010.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spei3(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr)
```

spei6

Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index 6

Description

Standardized precipitation-evapotranspiration index calculated at 6-month time scale

Usage

```
spei6(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

eto	evapotranspiration, mm
pr	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

Vicente-Serrano, S. M., Beguería, S. and López-Moreno, J. I.: A multiscalar drought index sensitive to global warming: The standardized precipitation evapotranspiration index, *J. Clim.*, 23(7), doi: [10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1](https://doi.org/10.1175/2009JCLI2909.1), 2010.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spei6(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr)
```

spi1	<i>Standardized precipitation index 1</i>
------	---

Description

Standardized precipitation index calculated at 1-month time scale

Usage

```
spi1(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily precipitation, mm
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

McKee, T. B., Doesken, N. J. and Kleist, J.: The relationship of drought frequency and duration to time scales, Eighth Conf. Appl. Climatol., 179–184, 1993.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spi1(data = data_all$rr)
```

`spi12`*Standardized precipitation index 12*

Description

Standardized precipitation index calculated at 12-month time scale

Usage

```
spi12(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

McKee, T. B., Doesken, N. J. and Kleist, J.: The relationship of drought frequency and duration to time scales, Eighth Conf. Appl. Climatol., 179–184, 1993.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spi12(data = data_all$rr)
```

`spi3`*Standardized precipitation index 3*

Description

Standardized precipitation index calculated at 3-month time scale

Usage

```
spi3(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

McKee, T. B., Doesken, N. J. and Kleist, J.: The relationship of drought frequency and duration to time scales, Eighth Conf. Appl. Climatol., 179–184, 1993.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spi3(data = data_all$rr)
```

 spi6

Standardized precipitation index 6

Description

Standardized precipitation index calculated at 6-month time scale

Usage

```
spi6(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

index value

References

McKee, T. B., Doesken, N. J. and Kleist, J.: The relationship of drought frequency and duration to time scales, Eighth Conf. Appl. Climatol., 179–184, 1993.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
spi6(data = data_all$rr)
```

ss	<i>Snowfall sum</i>
----	---------------------

Description

Sum of snowfall

Usage

```
ss(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	snowfall, mm of water equivalent
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

snow, mm

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ss(data = data_all$snowfallmm)
```

ssd	<i>Sum of sunshine duration</i>
-----	---------------------------------

Description

Sum of sunshine duration (hours)

Usage

```
ssd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	insolation, hours of sun
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

hours of sun

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ssd(data = data_all$insolation)
```

<code>ssp</code>	<i>Sunshine duration percentage</i>
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Sunshine duration fraction with respect to day length (

Usage

```
ssp(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	insolation, hours of sun
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

percentage

Formula

$$SSP = \frac{SS}{SSmax} * 100$$

SS: sum of sunshine duration (h); SSmax: maximum daylight (h)

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ssp(data = data_all$insolation)
```

stn10	<i>Sums TN-10</i>
-------	-------------------

Description

Sum of degree days when TN \leq -10 Celsius recorded in December-February interval

Usage

```
stn10(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
stn10(data = data_all$tn)
```

stn15	<i>Sums TN-15</i>
-------	-------------------

Description

Sum of degree days when TN \leq -15 Celsius recorded in December-February interval

Usage

```
stn15(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
stn15(data = data_all$tn)
```

stx32	<i>Sums TX32</i>
-------	------------------

Description

Sum of degree days when TX \geq 32 Celsius on the interval June-August. The 32 celsius limit is the critical biological threshold for the maximum air temperature from which the physiological optimal growth and development of wheat and maize plants.

Usage

```
stx32(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
stx32(data = data_all$tx)
```

su

Summer days

Description

Number of days with daily maximum temperature > 25 Celsius.

Usage

```
su(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
su(data=data_all$tx)
```

ta_o	<i>Growing season (Apr-Oct)</i>
------	---------------------------------

Description

Growing season (april to october) mean TG

Usage

```
ta_o(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ta_o(data=data_all$tg)
```

tm_s	<i>Growing season(May-Sep)</i>
------	--------------------------------

Description

Growing season (may to september) mean TG

Usage

```
tm_s(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tm_s(data=data_all$tg)
```

 tn10p

Percentage of cold nights

Description

Percentages of days with TN lower than the 10th percentile. The 10th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily as ETCCDI does. If you want to compute daily you can use RCLimDex package.

Usage

```
tn10p(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

percentage

Formula

$$cn = \frac{No.daysTN < 10p}{No.days} * 100$$

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tn10p(data=data_all$tn)
```

tn90p	<i>Warm nights</i>
-------	--------------------

Description

Percentages of days with TN higher than the 90th percentile. The 90th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily.

Usage

```
tn90p(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tn90p(data=data_all$tn)
```

tnn	<i>Minimum TN</i>
-----	-------------------

Description

Minimum of daily minimum air temperature

Usage

```
tnn(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5. https://www.ecad.eu/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_1500_en_1.pdf

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tnn(data=data_all$tn)
```

tnx

Maximum TN

Description

Maximum of daily minimum air temperature

Usage

```
tnx(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5. https://www.ecad.eu/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_1500_en_1.pdf

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tnx(data=data_all$tn)
```

tr	<i>Tropical nights</i>
----	------------------------

Description

Number of days with TN > 20 Celsius.

Usage

```
tr(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tr(data=data_all$tn)
```

tx10p	<i>Percentage of cold days</i>
-------	--------------------------------

Description

Percentages of days with TX lower than the 10th percentile. The 10th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily as ETCCDI does. If you want to compute daily you can use RCLimDex package.

Usage

```
tx10p(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

percentage

Formula

$$cd = \frac{No.daysTX < 10p}{No.days} * 100$$

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tx10p(data=data_all$tx)
```

tx90p

Warm days

Description

Total numbers of days with TX higher than the 90th percentile. The 90th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily as ETCCDI does. If you want to compute daily you can use RCLimDex package.

Usage

```
tx90p(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
tx90p(data=data_all$tx)
```

txn	<i>Minimum TX</i>
-----	-------------------

Description

Minimum of daily maximum air temperature

Usage

```
txn(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5. https://www.ecad.eu/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_1500_en_1.pdf

Examples

```
data(data_all)
txn(data=data_all$tx)
```

txx	<i>Maximum TX</i>
-----	-------------------

Description

Maximum of daily maximum air temperature

Usage

```
txx(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Klein Tank AMG, Zwiers FW, Zhang X. 2009. Guidelines on analysis of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation, climate data and monitoring WCDMP-No 72, WMO-TD No 1500, p 5. https://www.ecad.eu/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_1500_en_1.pdf

Examples

```
data(data_all)
txx(data=data_all$tx)
```

<code>uai</code>	<i>UNEP Aridity Index</i>
------------------	---------------------------

Description

P/Eto

Usage

```
uai(eto, pr, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>eto</code>	evapotranspiration, mm
<code>pr</code>	daily precipitation, mm
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

References

Huiping Huang, Yuping Han, Mingming Cao, Jinxi Song, and Heng Xiao Spatial-Temporal Variation of Aridity Index of China during 1960–2013. *Advances in Meteorology*, vol. 2016, Article ID 1536135, 10 pages, 2016. doi: [10.1155/2016/1536135](https://doi.org/10.1155/2016/1536135)

Examples

```
data(data_all)
uai(eto = data_all$eto, pr = data_all$rr)
```

utci	<i>Universal Thermal Climate Index</i>
------	--

Description

The Universal Thermal Climate is defined as the air temperature of the reference condition causing the same model response as actual conditions. The deviation of UTCI from air temperature, depends on the values of air and mean radiant temperature), wind speed and humidity.

Usage

```
utci(
  taverage,
  rh,
  w,
  tmrt,
  data_names = NULL,
  time.scale = YEAR,
  na.rm = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
rh	relative humidity, percentage
w	average wind, m/s
tmrt	radiation temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

References

Blazejczyk, K.; Jendritzky, G.; Bröde, P.; Fiala, D.; Havenith, G.; Epstein, Y.; Psikuta, A.; Kampmann, B. 2013. An introduction to the Universal Thermal Climate Index (UTCI). *Geographia Polonica*, 86 (1), pp.5-10. <http://www.utci.org/>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
utci(ta = data_all$tg, rh = data_all$humidity, w = data_all$wind,
     tmrt = data_all$radiationtemperature)
```

vcd

Very cold days

Description

Days with TN <1st percentile. The 1th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year).

Usage

```
vcd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
vcd(data=data_all$tn)
```

vdtr *Mean daily difference DTR*

Description

Mean absolute day-to-day difference in DTR

Usage

```
vdtr(tmax, tmin, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tmax	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
tmin	daily minimum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

temperature, Celsius

Formula

$$vDTR_j = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^I |(TX_{ij} - TN_{ij}) - (TX_{i-1,j} - TN_{i-1,j})|}{I}$$

References

European Climate Assessment & Dataset. Indices dictionary. <https://www.ecad.eu//indicesextremes/indicesdictionary.php>

Examples

```
data(data_all)
vdtr(tmax=data_all$tx, tmin=data_all$tn)
```

vwd	<i>Very warm days</i>
-----	-----------------------

Description

Days with TX >99th percentile per year. The 99th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year).

Usage

```
vwd(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
vwd(data=data_all$tx)
```

wci	<i>Wind chill index</i>
-----	-------------------------

Description

Wind chill index is the lowering of body temperature due to the passing-flow of lower-temperature air. It combines air temperature and wind speed.

Usage

```
wci(taverage, w, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

taverage	daily mean temperature, Celsius
w	average wind, m/s
data_names	names of each period of time
time.scale	month, season or year
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

index value

Formula

$$WCI = 13.12 + 0.6215 * TG - 11.37 * v^{+0.16} + 0.3965 * TG * v^{+0.16}$$

Where TG in celsius and v is wind speed in Km/h

References

Osczevski, Randall; Bluestein, Maurice (2005). The new wind chill equivalent temperature chart. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society. 86 (10): 1453–1458

Examples

```
data(data_all)
wci(taverage = data_all$tg, w = data_all$wind)
```

wki	<i>Winkler index</i>
-----	----------------------

Description

Sum of degree days over 10 celsius of TG from April 1 until October 31

Usage

```
wki(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

References

Winkler, A.J., J.A. Cook, W.M. Kliewer, and L.A. Lider. 1974. General Viticulture. 4th ed. University of California Press, Berkeley.

Examples

```
data(data_all)
wki(data = data_all$tg)
```

ws	<i>Winter Severity</i>
----	------------------------

Description

Mean TG of the coldest month of the year

Usage

```
ws(data, data_names = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	daily mean temperature, Celsius
data_names	names of each period of time
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods

Value

temperature, Celsius

Examples

```
data(data_all)
ws(data = data_all$tg)
```

wsdi	<i>Warm spell duration</i>
------	----------------------------

Description

Number of days which are part of groups of at least 6 consecutive days when TX > 90th percentile. The 90th percentile is computed based on the time scale selected (month, season or year) not daily as ETCCDI does. If you want to compute daily you can use RclimDex package.

Usage

```
wsdi(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```


Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily maximum temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

days

Examples

```
data(data_all)
wsdi(data=data_all$tx)
```

`xtg`

Maximum TG

Description

Maximum of daily mean air temperature

Usage

```
xtg(data, data_names = NULL, time.scale = YEAR, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	daily mean temperature, Celsius
<code>data_names</code>	names of each period of time
<code>time.scale</code>	month, season or year
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be removed?

Value

Average temperature

Examples

```
data(data_all)
xtg(data=data_all$tg)
```


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